


WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer comprising:
a plurality of variable depth pending queues for queuing entries of
memory or I/O requests generated by processors to peripheral devices, each of said
5 pending queues including a plurality of sub-queues; and
a variable length return queuing unit for buffering data returned from
said peripheral devices in response to said I/O requests.
2. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 1,
wherein said variable length return queuing unit comprises one variable length
10 return queue.
3. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 1,
wherein said variable length return queuing unit comprises a plurality of variable
length return queues.
4. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 3,
15 wherein each of said plurality of variable length return queues corresponds to each
of said processors.
5. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 3,
wherein each of said plurality of variable length return queues corresponds to each
of said peripheral devices.
- 20 6. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 3,
wherein each of said plurality of variable length return queues corresponds to a
unique priority level.
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7. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 1, wherein each of said sub-queues within one of said pending queues is assigned a unique priority level.

5 8. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 7, wherein said I/O requests include an address and a priority tag, said address directs said memory or I/O requests to a corresponding one of said pending queues and said priority tag channels said memory or I/O requests to a corresponding one of said sub-queues within the one said pending queue.

10 9. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 8, wherein each of said pending queues comprises a priority controller for issuing said memory or I/O requests from said sub-queues in a highest priority first manner.

15 10. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer comprising:
a variable depth pending queue for queuing entries of I/O requests generated by a processor to peripheral devices, said pending queue including a plurality of sub-queues; and
a variable length return queuing unit for buffering data returned from said peripheral devices in response to said memory or I/O requests.

20 11. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 10, wherein said variable length return queuing unit comprises one variable length return queue.

12. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 10, wherein said variable length return queuing unit comprises a plurality of variable length return queues.

13. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 12, wherein each of said plurality of variable length return queues corresponds to each of said peripheral devices.

5 14. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 12, wherein each of said plurality of variable length return queues corresponds to a unique priority level.

15 15. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 10, wherein each of said sub-queues within said pending queues is assigned a unique priority level.

10 16. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 15, wherein said memory or I/O requests include a priority tag, said priority tag channels said memory or I/O requests to a corresponding one of said sub-queues.

15 17. A multiple priority non-blocking load buffer according to Claim 16, wherein said pending queue comprises a priority controller for issuing said memory or I/O requests from said sub-queues in a highest priority first manner.

(once Amended)

18. A method for limiting admission of prioritized memory or I/O transactions for storage in a memory comprising:

(a) dividing the memory into a plurality of queues having unique priority levels;

20 (b) channeling said prioritized memory or I/O transactions to the ones of said queues having its unique priority level corresponding to said prioritized memory or I/O transactions;

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(c) storing said prioritized memory or I/O transactions in the corresponding queues when space is available therein; and

(d) storing said prioritized memory or I/O transactions in one of said queues having a priority level which is one priority level less than the unique priority level corresponding to said prioritized memory or I/O transactions channeled at said step (b) when the space available in the queues corresponding to said prioritized memory or I/O transactions is exceeded.

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19. A method according to Claim 18, wherein the memory is contained within a non-blocking load buffer.

20. A method according to Claim 18, wherein said memory or I/O transactions comprise loads and stores.

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